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FOR THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

MODI

ANTHONY and SHARON PETERSON, individually and as next friends of ESSANCE PETERSON; ESSANCE PETERSON, Individually; Tomika Davis, individually and as next friend to CEDERIC LADERRO DAVIS; CEDRIC DAVIS, Individually; ZAKAYA PAYNE, Individually and as next friend to both MARQUABIOUS BERNARD HALL and MAI-TIARA SONJAE HALL:

23507

Individually and as next friend to both MARQUABIOU BERNARD HALL and MAI-TIARA SONJAE HALL; MARQUABIOUS BERNARD HALL, Individually; MAI-TIARA SONJAE HALL, Individually; JOHN

WILLIAMS, Individually and THE COALITION TO MAXIMZE EDUCATION, Individually

Plaintiffs

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U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT

Vs.

Case No.____

DALLAS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT and JOHN DOES 1-10, Defendants

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT

This action is filed pursuant to Title 20 of the United States Code, Section 1706;

Title 42 of the United State Code, Section 1973c and 1983; the First and Fourteenth

Amendments to the Constitution of the United States; the Declaratory Judgments Act;

28 U.S.C.A. § 2201; Article 1. Sections 13, 15, and 19 of the Texas Constitution; and the Texas

Open Meetings Act ("TOMA"), Tex. Gov' T CODE ANN. § 551.001. et seq. (Vernon 2005).

Jurisdiction is founded upon Title 28 of the United State Code, Sections 1331,
 1343(a) (3), and 1391 (b) and the above-mentioned statutory and constitutional provisions.
 Defendant Dallas Independent School District (DISD) is located within this Court's
 Jurisdiction.

- Plaintiffs allege the DISD is discriminating against African-American
 and lower-income students by providing inferior educational facilities and fewer educational
 opportunities in predominantly African American areas of Dallas.
 - 3. Plaintiffs allege that DISD has failed to comply with the Texas Open Meetings Act in reference to the 2008 Bond Referendum package by holding public meetings in places other than DISD facilities. This intentional attempt to avoid the provisions of the Texas Open Meetings Act, deprived the public of its mandated right to hear the benefits as well as the drawbacks of any proposed public bond campaign.
- 4 Defendant DISD is an independent school district and political subdivision of the State of Texas and can be served by citation by serving 1) Superintendent Michael Hinojosa and, 2) Board President, Jack Lowe, both at 3700 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas, 75204.
 - 5. Defendants John Doe 1-10 are employees or agents of Defendant DISD.

Parties

- Essance Peterson resides in Dallas, Texas and is a student at Maynard Jackson
 Middle School.
- 7. Cedric Lederro Davis resides in Dallas, Texas and is a student at Maynard Jackson Middle School.
- 8. Marquabious Bernard Hall resides in Dallas, Texas and is a student at Maynard Jackson Middle School.
- 9. Mai-Tiara Shonjae Hall resides in Dallas, Texas an is a student at Maynard Jackson Middle School.
- 10. Anthony Peterson and Sharon Peterson resides in Dallas, Texas and are the parents of Essance Peterson.
 - 11. Tomika Davis resides in Dallas, Texas and is the mother of Cedric Laderro Davis.
 - 12. Zakaya Payne resides in Dallas, Texas and is the mother of Marquabious

Bernard Hall and Mai-Tiara Shonjae Hall.

- 13. John Williams resides in Plano, Texas and is the former Bond Administrator for DISD.
 - 14. The Coalition to Maximize Education, is an unincorporated association, which represents the unnamed interests of parents and students in the affected areas of the Dallas Independent School District.

Factual Allegations

- 15. DISD consistently provides lower-quality academic programs, equipment, facilities and materials at school facilities located in minority communities, and particularly at those located in African-American communities. In addition to large numbers of African-American and Hispanic students, these schools usually include large numbers of economically disadvantaged student of all races. The end result of DISD's policies and practices are fewer resources and opportunities for African American and low-income students.
- 16. In 2002, DISD adopted a 1.3 billion construction bond program, and in 2008, the District again adopted a 1.35 billion school construction bond, but these funds have largely been directed to projects outside of the African-American community.
 - 17. On numerous occasions complaints were made by then Bond Manager John
 Williams to DISD Management about program funds being appropriated and
 approved by the school board for schools in the African American neighborhoods
 but being re-allocated and diverted to other schools in DISD. Because of his
 inquiries into the inequities of the program, Mr. Williams was terminated from
 his position, and denied employment anywhere in the bond program, though he
 was the most qualified. Mr. Williams was damaged economically and
 professionally by this wrongful termination and "black-balling."

- 18. In the 2002 DISD Facilities Study, there were a number of schools that did not make the list of schools to be repaired because there was a shortage of bond money to cover all of the needs. Approximately 2.3 billion dollars worth of needs were assessed in 2002. In the 2008 Facilities Studies, the schools that were overlooked in 2002 were not put at the top Of the list to be repaired, but were factored in as if they had not been overlooked in 2002. The majority of the schools that had unaddressed needs were in the African American Community.
- 19. DISD's neglect of Maynard Jackson, for example, resulted in the exposure to poisonous sewage gases in the facility. Numerous reports were given to the Administration about the situation. For years there have been sewer problems at this school and in some instances raw sewage was on the front lawn of the campus. The stench was so strong that students and personnel complained.
- 20. Maynard Jackson was constructed as an elementary school with the open concept. It is now a Junior High School and some classrooms are divided by 4' bookshelves. This is in no way an environment is conducive to learning for Junior High students when the classrooms are not divided, and the building is structurally designed for elementary students. Maynard Jackson restrooms are located inside many of the class rooms. Many of them have no stall doors, creating and untenable privacy situation for the coeducational students.
- 21 In the 2007 school year, the DISD did not fund nor secure the appropriate core curriculum staff at Maynard Jackson, including mathematics coaches and after school programs instructors.
- 22. Over 2 years ago, DISD took over the Wilmer Hutchins Independent School District, whose approximately 2700 students (mostly African American) were bused to over 100 already low-performing and maintenance-deficient campuses.
- 23. Declining facilities and inadequate academic opportunities have forced parents in minority communities to send their children away from neighborhood schools, because of the

Case 3:08-cv-01191-M Document 1 Filed 07/14/2008 Page 5 of 9 void of DISD-created opportunities, and to the parents' financial detriment.

24. DISD has long neglected Roosevelt High School, South Oak Cliff High School, D. A. Hulsey Middle School and James Madison for example, and enrollment in these schools is declining due to dilapidated facilities, inadequate equipment and libraries, and fewer educational opportunities, such as advanced classes, internships, or special programs.

25. As attendance declines at schools in the African American community,
DISD closes or consolidates the schools, claiming that attendance figures do not justify continued
operation of these facilities, thus DISD perpetuates the cycle of driving students and resources out
of African American communities

26. At the February, 2008 meeting, the board of trustees of Defendant DISD scheduled the election regarding the proposed 1.35 billion dollar construction bond program. The bond proposal was prepared with minimal input from the African American community.

- 27. On May 10, 2008 the bond was approved by the electorate by a vote of 10,178 FOR and 8,693 AGAINST, being approved by only 4% of the eligible voters, mainly outside of the African American community as well.
- 28. Left unrestrained with 1.35 billion dollars in new bond proceeds, the DISD is certain to continue its pattern and practice of diverting resources away from communities that are in the most need by opting to project where the growth patterns may be and not looking at where they currently are and have been for over the past seven years. The projects that were not addressed in the 2002 bond program should have been moved to the head of the list in 2008, but were not. A great number of those projects were in the African American community, and still stand unaddressed.

Claims

Count One: 20 U.S.C. § 1706

29. Paragraphs I through 28 are incorporated by reference as thought fully set forth herein.

30. DISD has violated and is violating 20 U.S.C. § 1706 by providing inferior educational opportunities and facilities for African-American, and low-income students

Count Three: 42 USC. § 1983

- 31. Paragraphs 1 through 28 are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth Herein
 - (a) Plaintiffs have been denied the equal protection of the laws insofar as facilities and educational opportunities in African American and low-income communities are inferior to those in other parts of DISD.
 - (b) New schools are not being constructed in African American communities, but in areas where there is projected growth.

Count Three: The Texas Open Meetings Act

- 32. Paragraph 1 through 28 are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth Herein
- (a) DISD informed the public that there could be no meetings at school district facilities because the DISD staff could not participate in meetings about the bond campaign. Therefore only the "pro- bond" Facilities Task Force conducted the community meetings.

Count Four: Nuisance

Paragraphs 1 though 28 are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth Herein

- 33. DISD created and is perpetuating a nuisance by exposing students, teachers, and staff to toxic gases in Maynard Jackson Middle School.
- 35. Attorney's Fees: It was necessary to secure the services of a licensed attorney in order to secure and preserve the rights of the students, parents, and other plaintiffs affected by the policies and procedures of DISD in this matter. Plaintiffs request that all reasonable attorneys' fees of Plaintiff be awarded to the Plaintiffs, against the Defendants.

Prayer for Relief

Wherefore, Plaintiffs request that this court:

- a. Award compensatory damages against the Defendants;
- b. Award costs of this action to Plaintiffs;
- c. Award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to Plaintiffs;
- d. Temporarily enjoin Defendant DISD from selling the 2008 bonds or, in the alternative, inequitably allocating their proceeds;
- e. Permanently enjoin Defendant DISD from selling the 2008 bonds or, in the Alternative:
- f. Permanently enjoin Defendant DISD from policies and practices that force students to be bused or transported away from their neighborhood schools, including policies and practices related to closing and or consolidating schools in minority neighborhoods;
- g. Permanently enjoin Defendant DISD from policies and practices that result in unequal facilities, equipment, libraries and instructional programs in African American and low-income neighborhoods.
 - h. Order the replacement or full repair of affected schools;
 - i. Award the declaratory relief requested by Plaintiffs;
 - j. Award reasonable attorneys' fees to Plaintiffs;

k. Award such other and further relief to which Plaintiffs may be entitled.

Respectfully submitted.

GINA SMITH

TX Bar Card No. 11786900

NDTX Application Pending

1700 N. Hampton, Ste. 104

DeSoto, TX 75115

972.224.7555 fax 972.224-3919

Jury Fine Demande

THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF DALLAS

VERIFICATION

Before me on this day personally appeared ANTHONY PETERSON, and on oath stated that he has knowledge of the facts and allegations set out in the above petition, and that the facts and allegations are true and correct.

NTHONY PETERSON

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SUBSERIBED AND SWORN TO, before me by ANTHONY PETERSON, on the day of 1, 2008, to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.

NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR

THE STATE OF TEXAS

My commission expires:

Jury Frial Demande

440 Other Civil Rights

(Place an "X" in One Box Only)

\ v. origin

State Statutes

Appeal to District

CIVIL COVER SHEET SJS 44 (Rev. 12/07) The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.) **DEFENDANTS** I. (a) PLAINTIFFS County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED. (c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephon Attorneys (If Known) Caina = 1700 N. HAMPTON Ra II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff (Place an "X" in One Box Only) (For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant) ☐ 1 U.S. Government ĎEF Federal Question Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party) Citizen of This State Incorporated or Principal Place 4 **1** 4 of Business In This State □ 2 U.S. Government 4 Diversity Citizen of Another State \square 2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place **1** 5 CJ 5 Defendant of Business In Another State (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) 3 Foreign Nation **1** 6 \Box 6 Citizen or Subject of a \Box 3 Foreign Country NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only CONTRACT BEKO RAGO U U URADVI BONAT DI BYB BANKRUPTCY OTHER STATUTES ☐ 110 Insurance PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 610 Agriculture 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 400 State Reapportionment ☐ 120 Marine 310 Airplane ☐ 620 Other Food & Drug 423 Withdrawal 410 Antitrust 362 Personal Injury -☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure 315 Airplane Product Med. Malpractice 28 USC 157 430 Banks and Banking 140 Negotiable Instrument Liability 365 Personal Injury of Property 21 USC 881 450 Commerce PROPERTY RIGHTS ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment 320 Assault, Libel & Product Liability 460 Deportation ☐ 630 Liquor Laws ☐ 640 R.R. & Truck
☐ 650 Airline Regs. & Enforcement of Judgmen Slander 368 Asbestos Personal 470 Racketeer Influenced and ☐ 820 Copyrights ☐ 151 Medicare Act Corrupt Organizations 330 Federal Employers' Injury Product ☐ 830 Patent 480 Consumer Credit ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Liability Liability ☐ 660 Occupational ☐ 840 Trademark Student Loans 340 Marine PERSONAL PROPERTY 490 Cable/Sat TV Safety/Health 345 Marine Product (Excl. Veterans) 370 Other Fraud ☐ 690 Other 810 Selective Service Liability ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment 371 Truth in Lending LABOR SOCIAL SECURITI 850 Securities/Commodities/ of Veteran's Benefits 350 Motor Vehicle 380 Other Personal 710 Fair Labor Standards ☐ 861 HIA (1395ff) Exchange □ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 355 Motor Vehicle ☐ 862 Black Lung (923) 875 Customer Challenge Property Damage Act ☐ 190 Other Contract Product Liability 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 12 USC 3410 385 Property Damage ☐ 864 SSID Title XVI ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability 360 Other Personal Product Liability 730 Labor/Mgmt.Reporting 890 Other Statutory Actions & Disclosure Act ☐ 196 Franchise Injury ☐ 865 RSI (405(g)) 891 Agricultural Acts REAL PROPERTY CIVIL RIGHTS FEDERAL TAX SUITS 892 Economic Stabilization Act PRISONER PETITIONS 740 Railway Labor Act 210 Land Condemnation 441 Voting 510 Motions to Vacate 790 Other Labor Litigation 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff 893 Environmental Matters ☐ 220 Foreclosure 442 Employment 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. or Defendant) 894 Energy Allocation Act Sentence ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 443 Housing/ ☐ 871 IRS—Third Party 895 Freedom of Information Habeas Corpus: Security Act ☐ 240 Torts to Land Accommodations 26 USC 7609 530 General Act ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability 444 Welfare 535 Death Penalty IMMIGRATION 900Appeal of Fee Determination 290 All Other Real Property 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -540 Mandamus & Other Under Equal Access 462 Naturalization Application Employment 550 Civil Rights 1 463 Habeas Corpus to Justice 446 Amer. w/Disabilities 555 Prison Condition 950 Constitutionality of Alien Detainee Other

Original 2 Proceeding	Removed from 3 State Court		einstated or 5 Transferred another distr (specify)		7 Judge from Magistrate Judgment
VI. CAUSE OF AC	TION 20 USC	C& 1706;	g (Do not cite jurisdictional state	ites unless diversity):	
	DISC I	mmaten in	provision of	educational	Facilities
VII. REQUESTED COMPLAINT:		S IS A CLASS ACTION P. 23	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only if de JURY DEMAND:	manded in complaint: X1 Yes □ No
VIII. RELATED C. IF ANY	ASE(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE	Do	OCKET NUMBER	
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FOR OFFICE USE ONLY				•	
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465 Other Immigration

Actions